ERIE TOWNSHIP MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

TOWNSHIP OFFICIALS

TOWNSHIP BOARD

Daniel J. Bonkoski Gayle A. Burlen Cindy Baum Denise Gordy Diane La Plante

AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT Issued under P.A. 2 of 1988, as amended. Filing is mandatory.

_ City	mment Typ		Village ☐ Other	Local Government		,	County	ONROE
dit Date	<u></u> Town:		Opinion Date		Date Accountant Report Subm	itted to State:		
	6.30·	<u> 4</u>	8.2.4		8.30.		inion on finan	cial statemen
epared eporting epartme	in accore g Format ent of Tre	dance v for Fin	ncial statements of vith the Statements ancial Statements	this local ur s of the Gov for Countle	nit of government and ren vernmental Accounting St es and Local Units of G	overninent i	3 1 2004	the Uniform
e affim	n that:					1	•	
					Local Units of Governmen	LOCAL AUD	T & FINANCE D	IV.
. We a	are certifie	d public	c accountants regis	stered to pra	ctice in Michigan.		a. Indudina i	ha notas ori
ve furth	er affirm t	he follo nents a	wing. "Yes" respor nd recommendatio	nses have be ns	een disclosed in the financ	cial statemen	its, including t	gle Hotes, or i
ou mus	t check th	e applic	cable box for each	ltem below.			44 - 6	int statemen
] yes	x no	1. Cer	rtain component ur	nits/funds/ag	encles of the local unit ar	e excluded <u>I</u> r	om the financ	aai statemen
yes	X no	ear	nings (P.A. 275 of	1980).	in one or more of this			
yes	X no	196	58, as amended).		pliance with the Uniform			
_ yes	X no	or	its requirements, o	r an order is	onditions of either an ordesued under the Emergen	cy Mulliopai	200,11.00	
yes	on 🗶	of	1943, as amended	[MCL 129.9	estments which do not co 1], or P.A. 55 of 1982, as	amenoca (ii	(02 00.1102)	,
yes	X no	6. Th	e local unit has be it.	en delinque	nt in distributing tax rever	nues that we	re collected fo	or another ta
yes	⋉ no	ea th du	rned pension bene e overfunding cred iring the year).	efits (normal lits are more	constitutional requirement costs) in the current year than the normal cost re	equirement, (no contributio	ns are due (
yes	X no	19)95 (MCL 129.241)	•	and has not adopted an a			
	X no	9. Tł	ne local unit has no	ot adopted a	n investment policy as rec	quired by P.A	l. 196 of 1997	(MCL 129.9
yes			e following:			Enclosed	To Be Forwarded	Not Required
	ive enclo			ODS		×		
We ha		ments	and recommendati	Olia.		<u> </u>		
We ha	tter of con		and recommendati deral financial ass		rams (program audits).			X
We ha	tter of con	idual fe	deral financial ass		rams (program audits).			×
We ha	tter of con	ridual fe	deral financial ass	stance prog		CPas		
We ha	tter of con	ridual fe	deral financial ass SLGU). nt (Firm Name)	stance prog	rams (program audits). ロモ 幸 CNAJ (City LamBe		State m1	

ERIE TOWNSHIP TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page No.
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	2-4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government -Wide Statement of Net Assets	5
Government-Wide Statement of Activities	6
Governmental Fund Balance Sheet	7
Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	8
Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Assets	9
Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets	10
Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows	11
Fiduciary Statement of Net Assets	12
Fiduciary Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets	13
Notes to the Financial Statements	14-25
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	26
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Law Enforcement Fund	27
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Public and Private Improvement Fund	28
Additional Information	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	29
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	30



McGuire & Cavan Certified Iublic Accountants

L. Donavon McGuire, CPA 734-652-4040 Maureen A. Cavan, CPA 248-390-5320

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

6588 Secor Road Lambertville, MI 48144 Tel 734-854-5044 Fax 734-854-2540

Township Board of Erie Township 2060 Manhattan Erie, MI 48133

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Erie, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Erie Township, Michigan as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 2 through 4 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consist principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion in it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township of Erie's basic financial statements. The required supplementary budgetary comparisons, and additional combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The required supplementary budgetary comparisons and combining nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

McGuire & Cavan
Certified Public Accountants

August 2, 2004

Erie Township Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2004

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

The Township as a Whole

The Township's combined net assets increased 1.6% from a year ago – increasing from 8,442.8 thousand to 8,585.9 thousand. As we look at the governmental activities separately from the business-type activities, we can see that the governmental activities experienced an increase, of approximately \$248 thousand during the year (6% increase). The business-type activities experienced a \$105 thousand decrease in net assets, primarily as a result of a decrease in new water tap ins. In a condensed format, the table below shows a comparison (in thousands of dollars) of the net assets as of the current date to the prior year:

	Governn Activit			ess-Type ivities	7	Total .
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
Current Assets	\$ 1,722.2 \$ 3,102.3 4,824.5	1,656.2	\$ 1,240.8	\$ 1,284.2	\$ 2,963.0	\$ 2,940.4
Noncurrent Assets		3,151.0	6,734.4	7,039.2	9,836.7	10,190.2
Total Assets		4,807.2	7,975.2	8,323.4	12,799.7	13,130.6
Long-Term Debt Outstanding	499.6	779.4	3,080.0	3,330.0	3,579.6	4,109.4
Other Liabilities	334.6	332.9	303.6	296.4	638.2	629.3
Total Liabilities	834.2	1,112.3	3,383.6	3,626.4	4,217.8	4,738.7
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets- Net of Debt Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	2,522.9	2,543.0	1,630.9	1,488.4	4,153.8	4,031.4
	3.0	3.0	60.1	55.6	63.1	58.6
	1,468.4	1,199.8	2,900.6	3,153.0	4,369.0	4,352.8
Total Net Assets	\$ 3,994.3	3,745.8	\$ 4,591.6	\$ 4,697.0	\$ 8,585.9	\$ 8,442.8

Unrestricted net assets--the part of net assets that can be used to finance day to day operations, increased by \$269,000 for the governmental activities. This represents an increase of approximately 22%. The current level of unrestricted net assets for our governmental activities stands at \$1,468,000, or about 100% of expenditures.

The following table shows the changes of the net assets (in thousands of dollars) as of the current date to the prior year:

	_	Gove Ac	mme tivitie		Busin Ac	ess- tivitie				Tota	,
5 5		2004		2003	 2004		2003		2004		2003
Program Revenues								_		_	
Charges for Services	\$	178.8	\$	144.5	\$ 74.8	\$	54.8	\$	253.6	\$	199.3
Operating Grants and											
Contributions		55.5		18.8	-		-		55.5		18.8
Capital Grants and											
Contributions		•		•	63.9		1,297.6		63.9		1,297.6
General Revenues											.,
Property Taxes		332.0		320.3	-				332.0		320.3
State-Shared Revenues		348.3		390.6	-				348.3		390.6
Franchise Fees and Permits	3	640.3		638.4	•				640.3		638.4
Unrestricted Investment									010.0		030.4
Eamings		43.8		59.9	148.4		123.3		192.2		183.2
Transfers and Other									102.2		103.2
Revenue		39.4		29.5	 -				39.4		29.5
		1,638.1		1,602.0	 287.1		1,475.7		1,925.2		3,077.7
Program Expenses											
General Government		556.5		461.2			_		556.5		461.2
Public Safety		695.9		599.5			_		695.9		599.5
Highways and Streets		71.2		299.4	_		_		71.2		
Recreation and Culture		17.4		34.8			•				299.4
Interest on Long-Term		••••		04.0	_		•		17.4		34.8
Debt		48.7		87.9					40.7		
Water and Sewer				07.3	392.5		204.0		48.7		87.9
					 392.5		384.8		392.5		384.8
Total Expenses		1,389.7		1,482.8	 392.5		384.8		1,782.2		1,867.6
Change in Net Assets	\$	248.4	\$	119.2	\$ (105.4)	\$	1,090.9	\$	143.0	<u>\$</u>	1,210.1

The Township's net assets continue to remain healthy. The total revenues decreased due to water assessments, and we were able to decrease total expenses by 5%. As a result, net assets grew by \$142,800, compared to a prior year increase of \$1,210,100

Governmental Activities

The Township's total governmental revenues increased by approximately \$36,000, primarily due to the increased enforcement of highway weights and measures laws.

Expenses decreased by \$93,000 during the year. This was primarily the result of reduced highway and street expenses.

Business-Type Activities

The Township's business-type activities consist of the Water and Sewer Fund. Water is provided through the South County Water System The Township's water activity accounts for local line extensions and connection fees. We provide sewage treatment to approximately five entities through the Bedford Township sewage treatment plant.

Erie Township Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2004

The Township's Funds

Our analysis of the Township's major funds begins on page 7, following the entity wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detail information about the most significant funds, not the Township as a whole. The Township Board creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as special property tax millages. The Township's major funds for 2003-04 include the General Fund, the Law Enforcement Fund, and the Public and Private Improvement Fund.

The General Fund pays for most of the Township's governmental services. The most significant is fire protection, which incurred expenses of approximately \$158,500 in 2003-04. Fire equipment purchases and related debt are funded through a special millage recorded in the Fire Equipment Fund. Police services are also funded by a special millage recorded in the Law Enforcement Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal period 2003-04, the Township Board amended the budget to reflect changes which took place during the year. The most significant change in revenue was a \$25,287 increase in fund balance and fire department grants amounting to \$55,555. Additionally there were a few minor changes resulting in an overall budget increase of \$82,427.

The expenditure budget reflects a fund balance of \$103,482, which is \$\$5,788 better than anticipated. All departments except one were within budget allocation.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At June 30, 2004, the Township had \$8,000,000 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, police and fire equipment, and water and sewer lines. In addition, the Township has invested significantly in roads within the Township. These assets are not reported in the Township's financial statements because of Michigan law, which makes these roads the property of the Monroe County Road Commission (along with the responsibility to maintain them).

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The General Fund 2004-05 fiscal budgeted revenue is expected to be \$845,632 or down 3.2%. It is not certain at this time what grants the Township could receive, if any. Considering no grants, the budget is actually 3.4% greater than the last fiscal year.

Contacting the Township's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to show the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the clerk's office.

GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2004

			Prima	ary Governme	nt	
	Go	vernmental		siness - Type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	707,361	\$	481,364	\$	1,188,725
investments		806,230		557,928		1,364,158
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):						
Accounts		12,467		16,932		29,399
Assessments		8,290		1,839,002		1,847,292
Tap-Ins		-		107,595		107,595
Loans		75,368		-		75,368
Interest		6,600		-		6,600
Due From State of Michigan		116,406		-		116,406
Internal Balances		(10,463)		10,463		•
Restricted Cash With Fiscal Agent		•		977		977
	-	1,722,259		3,014,261		4,736,520
Capital Assets:				3,3 ,2		4,700,020
Land		124,685		_		124,685
Buildings and System		1,974,212		5,507,078		7,481,290
Improvements Other than Buildings		157,959		3,307,076		
Machinery and Equipment		1,896,770		•		157,959
Less Accumulated Depreciation				(5.40.407)		1,896,770
Total Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		(1,051,314)		(546,197)		(1,597,511)
Total Depletia Assets (Net of Accumulated Depletiation)		3,102,312		4,960,881		8,063,193
Total Assets		4,824,571		7,975,142		12,799,713
l labilista -						
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable		4,579		11,869		16,448
Accrued Wages		10,834		•		10,834
Accrued Vacation		14,884		•		14,884
Accrued Payroll Taxes		1,753		•		1,753
Accrued Interest Payable		18,773		41,747		60,520
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Due Within One Year		283,892		250,000		533,892
Due in More Than One Year		495,531		3,080,000		3,575,531
Total Liabilities		830,246		3,383,616		4,213,862
Net Assets						
Invested in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt		2,522,889		1,630,881		4,153,770
Restricted for:				. 1 100 1		1,100,710
Veteran's Memorial		3,019		_		3,019
Repair and Maintenance		-,		60,125		60,125
Unrestricted		1,468,417		2,900,520		4,368,937
Total Net Assets		3,994,325	\$	4,591,526	\$	8,585,851
			-	, 1	<u> </u>	3,000,001

GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

		4	Program Revenues	İ	Net C	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	and ts
<u>Functions/Programs</u> Primary Government	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental	Primary Government Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Culture and Recreation Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Governmental Activities	\$ 556,512 695,889 71,277 17,459 48,772 1,389,909	\$ 38,023 140,750	\$ 55,555	ь	. \$ (518,489) . (499,584) . (71,277) . (17,459) . (48,772) . (1,155,581)		\$ (518,489) (499,584) (71,277) (17,459) (48,772) (1,155,581)
Business-Type Activities: Water and Sewer	392,508	74,770		63,903	33	(253,835)	(253,835)
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,782,417	\$ 253,543	\$ 55,555	\$ 63,903	(1,155,581)	(253,835)	(1,409,416)
	General Revenues: Property Taxes State Shared Revenues Franchise Fees and Per Unresricted Investment I Miscellaneous Transfers Total General Revenue Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning	eneral Revenues: Property Taxes State Shared Revenues Franchise Fees and Permits Unresricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous ansfers Total General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Assets	ings d Transfers		332,079 348,271 640,334 43,870 39,490 1,404,044 248,463 3,745,862	148,383 148,383 148,383 (105,452) 4,696,978 \$ 4,591,526	332,079 348,271 640,334 192,253 39,490 - 1,552,427 143,011 8,442,840
	14 - MOCOU 1941	ב <u>ּ</u>			H	1	

ERIE TOWNSHIP BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

Assets	***************************************	General	<u></u>	Law nforcement		Public and Private Improvement	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	S	104,315	S	72.968	S	476,555	S	53,523	S	707 264
Investments	•	167	•	4,495	•	798,075	J	3,493	•	707,361
Accounts Receivable		6,870		5,597		130,013		3,433		806,230 12,467
Assessments Receivable		•		•,••.		8,290		_		8,290
Loans Receivable		-		•		75,368				75,368
Interest Receivable						6,600		-		6,600
Due From State of Michigan		116,406				0,000		_		
Due From Other Funds		41,682		•		•		1,751		116,406 43,433
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	269,440	<u>\$</u>	83,060	<u>\$</u>	1,364,888	<u>\$</u>	58,767	<u>\$</u>	1,776,155
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	2,780	S	1,299	\$	_	\$	500	\$	4 570
Accrued Wages	•	7,854	•	2,980	•	_	J	300	3	4,579
Accrued Vacation and Sick Pay		- ,00 ,		2,500		_		•		10,834
Accrued Payroll Taxes		1,753		_		_		•		4 752
Due to Other Funds		1,751		41,668		10,477		-		1,753
Deferred Revenue		.,		41,000		83,658		•		53,896
Total Liabilities	_	14,138		45,947	_	94,135	_	500		83,658 154,720
Fund Balances: Reserved_for:										
Veteran's Memorial		3,019		-				_		3,019
Unreserved, reported in:		•								3,013
General Fund		252,283		-		-		-		252,283
Special Revenue Funds		-		37,113	r	1,270,753		58,267		1,366,133
Total Fund Balances		255,302		37,113		1,270,753		58,267		1,621,435
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	269,440	\$	83,060	<u>\$</u>	1,364,888	<u>\$</u>	58,767		
Amounts reported for gove different because:						assels are				
Capital assets used in resources and, therefo	re, are	not reporte	d in the	e funds.						3,102,312
Other long-term assets expenditures and, then	s are no efore,	ot available are deferred	to pay i in the	for current-p funds.	eriod	1				83,658
Long-term liabilities, in in the current period ar	cluding nd there	bonds pay efore are no	able, a ot repor	re not due ai ted in the fur	nd pa nds.	ayable			•	(813,080)
Net Assets of Government	tal Activ	vities							<u>\$</u>	3,994,325

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Revenues:		General	Law Enforcement	Public and Private Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Totals Governmental Funds
Licenses and Penalties \$ 93,674 \$ 105,949 \$ 132,456 \$ 332,079	Revenues:					. 2.,,,,
Licenses and Permits 103,693 5,244 488,442 42,955 640,334 State Grants 348,271 Foderal Grants 55,555	****	\$ 93.674	\$ 105,949	S -	\$ 132,456	\$ 332,079
State Grants		•		488,442		
Federal Grants			•	•	•	•
Charges for Services 38,023 - - - - - - - 38,023 - - - - - 140,756 - - 140,756 - - 140,756 - - 140,756 - - 140,756 - - 140,756 - - 140,756 - - - 140,756 - - - 140,756 - - - 140,756 - - - - - - - - -			•	-	•	
Fines and Forfeits 924 139,826 - 1 14,0750 Interest 3,771 653 38,732 714 43,870 Interest 28,215 11,222 19,549 52 59,038 7012 Revenues 672,126 262,894 546,723 176,177 1,657,920 262,894 546,723 176,177 1,657,920 276,189 276,		·	-	•	•	
Interest 3,771 653 38,732 714 43,870 59,038 Total Revenues 672,126 262,894 546,723 176,177 1,657,920			139.826		-	
Total Revenues				38 732	714	
Total Revenues 672,126 262,894 546,723 176,177 1,657,920 Expenditures: Current: General Government 474,724 676,725 550,19 591,937 Public Safety 158,540 365,815 17,696 55,019 597,070 Highways and Streets 67,179 4,998 71,1277 Recreational and Cultural 44,566 71,79 40,998 71,1277 Recreational and Cultural 44,566 71,79 40,998 71,1277 Recreational and Fiscal Charges 745,009 365,815 15,200 36,723 15,923 Interest and Fiscal Charges 745,009 365,815 304,253 171,207 1,566,364 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (72,883) (102,921) 242,470 4,890 71,556 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (72,883) (102,921) 242,470 4,890 71,556 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 166,000 7 10,000 76,00				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Current General Government						1,657,920
Current General Government	Expenditures:					
General Government	· ·					
Public Safety		474.724	•	67.259	•	541.983
Highways and Streets			365.815	·	55.019	•
Recreational and Cultural 44,566 -			•		-	
Debt Service: Principal Principal Interest and Fiscal Charges T45,009		-	_	1,000	_	
Principal - 200,000 79,545 279,545 Interest and Fiscal Charges - 15,200 36,723 51,923 51,		44,500	_	-	_	44,500
Interest and Fiscal Charges 745,009 365,815 304,253 171,287 1,586,364 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (72,883) (102,921) 242,470 4,890 71,556 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In 100,000 166,000 - 10,000 276,000 (276,000 0) - (276,000 0				200.000	70 545	270 545
Total Expenditures 745,009 365,815 304,253 171,287 1,586,364 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (72,883) (102,921) 242,470 4,890 71,556 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In 100,000 166,000 - 10,000 276,000 Operating Transfers Out (50,000) - (226,000) - (276,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 166,000 (226,000) 10,000 Excess of Revenue & Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures & Other Financing Uses (22,883) 63,079 16,470 14,890 71,556 Fund Balance - Beginning 278,185 (25,966) 1,254,283 43,377 Fund Balance - Ending \$ 255,302 \$ 37,113 \$ 1,270,753 \$ 58,267 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: -Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. -Special assessment and similar revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. -Special assessment and similar revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reduces long-term debt) -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. -Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$ 248,463	•	•	•	•		
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (72,883) (102,921) 242,470 4,890 71,556 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In 100,000 166,000 - (226,000) - (226,000) - (226,000) - (226,000) - (276,000 - (276,000	_	745.000				
Cother Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In 100,000 166,000 - 10,000 276,000 (276,000 10 10,000 166,000 - (226,000) - (276,000 10 10,000 166,000 10 10,000 166,000 10,000 1	Total Expenditures	/45,009	365,815	304,253	1/1,28/	1,586,364
Cother Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In 100,000 166,000 - 10,000 276,000 (276,000 Operating Transfers Out (50,000) - (226,000) - (226,000) - (226,000) - (276,000 Operating Transfers Out (50,000) - (226,000) - (Excess of Revenue Over (Under)					
Operating Transfers In 100,000 166,000 - 10,000 (276,000) Operating Transfers Out (50,000) - (226,000) - (276,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 166,000 (226,000) 10,000 Excess of Revenue & Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures & Other Financing Uses (22,883) 63,079 16,470 14,890 71,556 Fund Balance - Beginning 278,185 (25,966) 1,254,283 43,377 Fund Balance - Ending \$ 255,302 \$ 37,113 \$ 1,270,753 \$ 58,267 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: -Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. (96,089) -Special assessment and similar revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 629 -Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt) -Bond proceeds are not reported as financing sources in the statement of activities -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (7,178) Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	·	(72,883)	(102,921)	242,470	4,890	71,556
Operating Transfers In 100,000 166,000 - 10,000 (276,000) Operating Transfers Out (50,000) - (226,000) - (276,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 166,000 (226,000) 10,000 Excess of Revenue & Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures & Other Financing Uses (22,883) 63,079 16,470 14,890 71,556 Fund Balance - Beginning 278,185 (25,966) 1,254,283 43,377 Fund Balance - Ending \$ 255,302 \$ 37,113 \$ 1,270,753 \$ 58,267 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: -Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. (96,089) -Special assessment and similar revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 629 -Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt) -Bond proceeds are not reported as financing sources in the statement of activities -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (7,178) Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating Transfers Out (50,000) - (226,000) - (226,000) - (276,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 166,000 (226,000) 10,000 - Excess of Revenue & Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures & Other Financing Uses (22,883) 63,079 16,470 14,890 71,556 Fund Balance - Beginning 278,185 (25,966) 1,254,283 43,377 Fund Balance - Ending \$ 255,302 \$ 37,113 \$ 1,270,753 \$ 58,267 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: -Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. -Special assessment and similar revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 629 -Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt) -Bond proceeds are not reported as financing sources in the statement of activities -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$ 248,463		100.000	166,000	-	10,000	276,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 166,000 (226,000) 10,000 - Excess of Revenue & Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures & Other Financing Uses (22,883) 63,079 16,470 14,890 71,556 Fund Balance - Beginning 278,185 (25,966) 1,254,283 43,377 Fund Balance - Ending \$ 255,302 \$ 37,113 \$ 1,270,753 \$ 58,267 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: -Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. (96,089) -Special assessment and similar revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 629 -Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt) 279,545 -Bond proceeds are not reported as financing sources in the statement of activities -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (7,178)		•		(226,000)	•	-
Sources Over Expenditures & Other Financing Uses (22,883) 63,079 16,470 14,890 71,556 Fund Balance - Beginning 278,185 (25,966) 1,254,283 43,377 Fund Balance - Ending \$255,302 \$37,113 \$1,270,753 \$58,267 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: -Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. (96,089) -Special assessment and similar revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 629 -Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt) -Bond proceeds are not reported as financing sources in the statement of activities -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (7,178) Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities			166,000		10,000	•
Sources Over Expenditures & Other Financing Uses (22,883) 63,079 16,470 14,890 71,556 Fund Balance - Beginning 278,185 (25,966) 1,254,283 43,377 Fund Balance - Ending \$255,302 \$37,113 \$1,270,753 \$58,267 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: -Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. (96,089) -Special assessment and similar revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 629 -Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt) -Bond proceeds are not reported as financing sources in the statement of activities -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (7,178) Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	Excess of Revenue & Other Finance	cina				
Financing Uses (22,883) 63,079 16,470 14,890 71,556 Fund Balance - Beginning 278,185 (25,966) 1,254,283 43,377 Fund Balance - Ending \$255,302 \$37,113 \$1,270,753 \$58,267 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: -Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. -Special assessment and similar revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. -Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt) -Bond proceeds are not reported as financing sources in the statement of activities -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (7,178) Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		-				
Fund Balance - Ending \$ 255,302 \$ 37,113 \$ 1,270,753 \$ 58,267 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: -Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. -Special assessment and similar revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. -Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt) -Bond proceeds are not reported as financing sources in the statement of activities -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (7,178) Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	•		63,079	16,470	14,890	71,556
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: -Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. -Special assessment and similar revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. -Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt) -Bond proceeds are not reported as financing sources in the statement of activities -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (7,178) Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	Fund Balance - Beginning	278,185	(25,966)	1,254,283	43,377	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: -Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. -Special assessment and similar revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. -Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt) -Bond proceeds are not reported as financing sources in the statement of activities -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (7,178) Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 255,302	\$ 37,113	\$ 1,270,753	\$ 58,267	
-Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. -Special assessment and similar revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. -Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt) -Bond proceeds are not reported as financing sources in the statement of activities -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (7,178) Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	-					
over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. -Special assessment and similar revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. -Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt) -Bond proceeds are not reported as financing sources in the statement of activities -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (7,178) Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities					ote is allocated	
capital outlays in the current period. -Special assessment and similar revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. -Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt) -Bond proceeds are not reported as financing sources in the statement of activities -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (7,178) Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$ 248,463	• • •	•				
reported as revenues in the funds. -Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt) -Bond proceeds are not reported as financing sources in the statement of activities -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. -Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$ 248,463	•	•				(96,089)
reduces long-term debt) -Bond proceeds are not reported as financing sources in the statement of activities -Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$ 248,463	•	he statement of activi	ties that do not provid	e current financial reso	ources are not	629
-Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$ 248,463	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	e in the governmenta	I funds, but not in the	statement of activities	(where it	279,545
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$ 248,463	-Bond proceeds are not reported as financing	sources in the statem	ent of activities			-
	•		re the use of current fi	inancial resources and	, therefore,	(7,178)
	Change in Net Assets of Governme	ental Activities				\$ 248,463
	See Accompanying Notes to the Fina	ancial Statements	•			

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2004

	Water	and Sewer
Assets Current Assets:	Current Year	Prior Year
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Investments	\$ 481,364	\$ 605,226
Due From Other Funds	557,928	482,478
Current Portion - Tap-Ins Receivable	10,463	10,463
Current Portion - Assessments Receivable	10,760	12,565
Accounts Receivable	163,333	161,000
Total Current Assets	<u>16,932</u> 1,240,780	12,438
	1,240,760	1,284,170
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Cash	977	0.007
Long-Term Portion of Tap-Ins Receivable	96,835	3,027
Long-Term Portion of Assessments Receivable	1,675,669	113,088
Capital Assets	5,507,078	1,859,781
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(546,197)	5,427,095
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,734,362	(363,780)
	0,704,302	7,039,211
Total Assets	7,975,142	8,323,381
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	44.000	
Accrued Interest Payable	11,869	9,274
Current Portion of Noncurrent Liabilities	41,747	42,129
The state of the s	250,000	245,000
Non-current Liabilities:	303,616	296,403
Bonds Payable	3 090 000	
•	3,080,000	3,330,000
Total Liabilities	3 303 646	
	3,383,616	3,626,403
Net Assets:		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	1,630,881	4 400
Restricted For Repair and Maintenance	60,125	1,488,315
Unrestricted	2,900,520	55,632
	2,800,020	3,153,031
Total Net Assets	\$ 4,591,526	\$ 4,696,978

PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	<i>W</i>	ater and Sewer
	Current Year	Prior Year
Operating Revenue:		
Charges for Service - Sewers	\$ 49,429	\$ 54,571
Tap Fees	25,090	121,625
Other Revenue	251	191
Total Operating Revenue	74,770	176,387
Operating Expenses:		
Depreciation	182,418	119,314
Sewer Usage	44,936	49,609
Other	51	5,471
Total Operating Expenses	227,405	174,394
Operating Income (Loss)	(152,635)	1,993
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses):		
Assessment Revenue	63,903	1,175,934
Interest Income	148,383	123,325
Interest Expense	(165,103)	(210,417)
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	47,183	1,088,842
Change in Net Assets	(105,452)	1,090,835
Total Net Assets - Beginning	4,696,978	3,606,143
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 4,591,526	\$ 4,696,978

PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Water	and Sewer
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Current Year	Prior Year
CASH LOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	\$ 88,334 (42,392)	\$ 154,245 (52,323)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	45,942	101,922
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND		
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Assessment Collections	245,682	252,685
Principal Paid on Bonds Interest Paid on Debt	(245,000)	(195,000)
Purchase of Fixed Assets	(165,485)	(168,287)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and	(79,984)	(1,578,699)
Related Financing Activities	(244,787)	(1,689,301)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
(Purchase) Sale of Investments	(75,450)	186,702
Interest Revenue	148,383	123,325
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	72,933	310,027
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalent	its (125,912)	(1,277,352)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	608,253	1,885,605
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$ 482,341	\$ 608,253
Reconcile of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income	\$ (152,635)	\$ 1,993
Depreciation	182,418	119,314
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		
Due From Other Funds	_	1 744
Taps Receivable	18,058	1,744 (22,610)
Accounts Receivable	(4,494)	4,194
Accounts Payable	2,595	(2,713)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 45,942	\$ 101,922

FIDUCIARY FUND -- STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2004

Assets	Pension Trust <u>Fund</u>	Agency Fund Type (Property Tax Collection Fund)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments at Fair Value:	\$ -	\$ 1,881
Mutual Funds	681,385	•
Total Assets	681,385	\$ 1,881
Liabilities		
Due to Others	-	\$ 1,881
Total Liabilities		
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$ 681,385	

FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Pension Trust Fund
Additions:	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 36,359
Plan Members	16,527
Total Contributions	52,886
Investment Income	
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in	
Fair Value of Investments	83,548
Total Additions	136,434
Deductions:	
Participant Withdrawals	-
Administration Fees	6,267
Total Deductions	6,267
Net Change in Net Assets	130,167
Net Assets - Beginning	554 249
Het Assets - Degillilling	551,218
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 681,385

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
- NOTE 2 Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements
- NOTE 3 Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability
- NOTE 4 Deposits and Investments
- NOTE 5 Receivables
- NOTE 6 Capital Assets
- NOTE 7 Interfund Receivables. Payables and Transfers
- NOTE 8 Leases
- NOTE 9 Long-term Debt
- NOTE 10 Restricted Assets
- NOTE 11 Risk Management
- NOTE 12 Other Post-Employment Benefits
- NOTE 13 Employee Retirement Plan
- NOTE 14 Pending Litigation
- NOTE 15 Deferred Compensation Plan
- NOTE 16 Monroe County Joint Powers Water Contracts (South County Water System)

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Erie Township conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by Erie Township:

A - Reporting Entity

The Local Governmental Unit is governed by an elected five member board. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legal separate entities, in substance, they are part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Erie Township has no component units.

B - Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C - Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property taxes, state-shared revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered available only when cash is received by the government.

Erie Township property tax is levied on each December 1st on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by State statutes) located in Erie Township as of the preceding December 31st. Although Erie Township 2003 ad valorem tax is levied and collectible on December 1, 2003, it is Erie Township's policy to recognize revenue from the current tax levy in the current year when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made "available" for the financing of operations. "Available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60days). The 2003 taxable valuation of Erie Township totaled \$108.3 million, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of .8387 mills for Erie Township operating purposes,1.2254 mills for police protection,.9802 mills for fire equipment, raising \$90,776 for operating, \$106,094 for police protection, and \$132,637 for fire equipment. These amounts are recognized in the respective General and Special Revenue Fund financial statements as taxes receivable - current or as tax revenue.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Law Enforcement Fund accounts for all police protection expenses and related tax revenue.

The Public and Private Improvement Fund accounts for landfill revenues and block grant loans.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the tap-ins, special assessments, construction and related debt of the water distribution system and the sewage collection system.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The pension trust fund accounts for the activities of the township employees retirement system which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989, are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The government has elected not to follow private-sector standards issued after November 30, 1989 for its business type activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of our proprietary funds relate to charges to customers for sales and services. The water and sewer fund also recognizes tap fees as operating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

<u>Bank Deposits and Investments</u> --Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

<u>Receivables and Payables</u> --In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on each December 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1st of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

<u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u> --Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Restricted Assets</u> --Revenue bonds of the enterprise funds require amounts to be set aside for construction, debt service principal and interest, operations and maintenance, and a bond reserve. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets, as well as amounts on deposit at the county being held for the construction or debt service of Erie Township's water and sewer lines.

<u>Capital Assets</u> --Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings Improvements Other than Buildings Machinery and Equipment Water and Sewer Lines

40 years 20 years 3 to 15 years 30 to 60 years

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)</u> --It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year-end.

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u>—In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Fund Equity</u> --In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

<u>Comparative Data/Reclassifications</u> --Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual enterprise funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

NOTE 2-RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net assets - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds". The details of this \$813,080 are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$	779.423
Accrued interest payable	•	18.773
Compensated absences		14,884
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net assets - governmental activities	¢	942.000
3	3_	813,080

NOTE 2--RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

B Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense". The details of this \$96,089 are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 105,264
Depreciation	(201,353)
	\$ (96,089)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$7,178 are as follows:

Compensated absences Accrued interest	\$ (10,329) 3,151
	\$ (7,178)

NOTE 3--STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information</u> --Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general and all special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. On or before the 1st day of April the Supervisor shall prepare and submit to the Township Board a recommended budget within the tax limit and other revenue sources of the Township covering the next fiscal year. A public hearing on the budget shall be held before its final adoption. On or before the end of the fiscal year, the Township Board shall adopt a budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The budget document presents information by fund, function, department and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the department level. (i.e., The level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations). The Supervisor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line-items within an activity category; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any activity must be approved by the Township Board.

Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc., are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

<u>Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds--</u> During the year, Erie Township incurred expenditures in one budgeted activity which was in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

Budget Item	Actual Expenditure	Budget Appropriation	
General FundRecreation Commission	\$ 44,037	\$ 42,899	

Fund Deficits -- The Local Governmental Unit has no accumulated fund balance/retained earning deficits.

NOTE 4--DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the local governmental unit to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Erie Township's Board has designated two banks for the deposit of Local Unit funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment inbonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and CDs, but not the remainder of State statutory authority as listed above.

Erie Township's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority.

At year-end, Erie Township's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	_	Governmental Activities	 Business-Type Activities		Fiduciary Funds	 Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Restricted Assets	\$	707,361 806,230	\$ 481,364 557,928 977	\$	1,861 681,385 -	\$ 1,190,586 2,045,543 977
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,513,591	\$ 1,040,269	<u>\$</u>	683,246	\$ 3,237,106

The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

Bank Deposits (checking and savings accounts, certificates of deposit) Petty Cash and Cash on Hand	\$ 1,190,586 1,000
Total	\$ 1,191,586

The bank balance of the primary government's deposits is \$1,259,455, of which \$200,000 is covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments are categorized into these three categories of credit risk:

- Insured or registered, or securities held by the Local Governmental Unit or its agent in the government's name;
- 2. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the government's name; and
- 3. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the Local Governmental Unit's name.

NOTE 4--DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At year-end, the government's investment balances were categorized as follows:

		Category					
Primary Government	1	2	3	Reported Amount (Fair Value)			
U.S. Government Securities Certificates of Deposit Repurchase Agreements	\$ 1,345,986	\$ - \$ - -	• •	\$ - 1,345,986			
Subtotal	\$ 1,345,986	<u>s - s</u>	-	1,345,986			
Investments Not Subject to Categ Mutual Funds	orization						
Bank Investment Pools				681,385			
				18,172			
Total Primary Government				\$ 2,045,543			

NOTE 5-RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major and nonmajor funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	 General Fund	En	Law forcement	lic and Private		Water and sewer		Total
Accounts Special Assessments Interest and Other Gross Receivables Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	\$ 6,870 - - 6,870	\$	5,597 - - 5,597	\$ 8,290 81,968 90,258	s	16,932 1,839,002 107,595 1,963,529	\$	29,399 1,847,292 189,563 2,066,254
Net Receivables	\$ 6,870	\$	5,597	\$ 90,258	<u>s</u>	1,963,529	<u>s</u>	2,066,254

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue are as follows:

Loans and Grants	_Unavailablle			
Special Assessments	\$ 75,368 8,290			
Total	\$ 83,658			

NOTE 6-CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the current year was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 124,685	<u>\$</u> -	<u>s</u> -	\$ 124,685
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings Improvements Other Than Buildings	1,974,212	- 4.60	-	1,974,212
Machinery and Equipment	156,501 1,792,964	1,458 103,806	•	157,959
• • •		103,000	-	1,896,770
Subtotal	3,923,677	105,264		4,028,941
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	367,610	49,355	•	416,965
Improvements Other Than Buildings	84,124	7,898	-	92,022
Machinery and Equipment	398,227	144,100		542,327
Subtotal	849,961	201,353	-	1,051,314
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	3,073,716	(96,089)	-	2,977,627
Governmental Activities Capital Total				
Capital AssetsNet of Depreciation	\$ 3,198,401	\$ (96,089)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 3,102,312
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Lines and Connections	\$ 5,427,094	\$ 79,984	\$ -	\$ 5,507,078
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Lines and Connections	363,779	182,418	-	546,197
			* ***	040,107
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	5,063,315	(102,434)	•	4,960,881
Business-Type Activities Capital Total				
Capital AssetsNet of Depreciation	\$ 5,063,315	\$ (102,434)	<u> </u>	\$ 4,960,881
Depreciation expense was charged to programs	of the primary gov	vernment as follow	/s:	
Governmental Activities				
General Government		\$ 39,036		
Public Safety		149,480		
Recreation and Culture		12,837		
Total Governmental Activities		\$ 201,353		
Business-Type Activities				
Water and Sewer		\$ 182,418		

NOTE 7-INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Due To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General	Law Enforcement Public and Private Improvement	\$ 41,668
Building Water - Sewer	General Public and Private Improvement	14 1,751 10,463
Total		\$ 53,896

Interfund Transfers

		Transfers In									
Transfers Out		Law nforcement	General			ion-Major vernmental Funds		Total			
General Fund Public and Private Improvement	\$ _	40,000 126,000	\$	100,000	\$	10,000	\$	50,000 226,000			
Total	\$	166,000	\$	100,000	\$	10,000	\$_	276,000			

NOTE 8--LEASES

Erie Township had no lease obligations at June 30, 2004.

NOTE 9-LONG-TERM DEBT

The government issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Special assessment bonds provide for capital improvements that benefit specific properties, and will be repaid from amounts levied against those properties benefited from the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the government is obligated to provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources (such as tax sale proceeds or a re-assessment of the district) are received. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

NOTE 9-LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Bond and contractual obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

	Interest Rate	Principal Matures	ı	Beginning Balance		Additions eductions)		Ending Balance		ue Within Dne Year
Governmental Activities:										
County Contractual Obligations:										
Road Bonds	5.00%	2004-05	\$	400,000	\$	(200,000)	\$	200,000	S	200,000
Installment Purchase Agreements:						•			•	
Fire Vehicles	5.50%	2009-10		658,968		(79,545)		579,423		83,892
Total Governmental Activities			<u>s</u>	1,058,968	<u>s</u>	(279,545)	<u>s</u>	779,423	<u>s</u>	283,892
Business-Type Activities:										
County Contractual Obligations:										
2001 Township Water Line	5.0-5.5%	2014-15	S	1.995.000	S	(145,000)	S	1,850,000	s	150.000
2002 Township Water Line	3.5-4.7%	2016-17		1,580,000		(100,000)		1,480,000		100,000
Total Business-Type Activities			\$	3,575,000	\$	(245,000)	<u>s</u>	3,330,000	<u>s</u>	250,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above obligations are as follows:

		Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				
Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2005	\$	283,892	\$	37,399	\$	250,000	S	153,860		
2006		88,658		27,633		260,000		142,735		
2007		93,602		22,689		260,000		131,140		
2008		98,822		17,469		265,000		119,340		
2009		104,300		11,991		275,000		107,073		
2010 and after		110,149		6,142		2,020,000		373,468		
Total	\$	779,423	<u>s</u>	123,323	<u>s</u>	3,330,000	<u>s</u>	1,027,616		

NOTE 10-RESTRICTED ASSETS

The balances of the restricted asset accounts in the enterprise funds are as follows:

Debt Retirement \$ 977

NOTE 11-RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Township purchases commercial insurance for all of these risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

NOTE 11-RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Michigan Townships Participating Plan operates as an insurance purchasing pool for local units of government in Michigan. The Plan purchases commercial insurance on behalf of its members at a lower cost than would be available on an individual basis.

NOTE 12-OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Township does not have a plan set up for post-employment benefits other than a pension plan.

NOTE 13-EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Township provides pension benefits for all of its permanent employees through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan, plus any investment earnings. The plan was established and may be amended by the Township Board.

Erie Township contributes eleven percent of base wages for each employee with the employee having an optional contribution of up to ten percent. An employee is fully vested after twenty-one months of service. An insurance company (Manulife Financial) administers the plan and the Township makes monthly contributions. The Township's total payroll for this year was \$482,057. The Township made the required contribution of \$36,359, on covered payroll of \$330,536. Employee contributions totaled \$16,526.

All full time employees participate in the plan.

Note 14 - Pending Litigation

At present, there are no cases of litigation pending that would have a material effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 15-DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Erie Township Board offers all Erie Township employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code, Section 457. The assets of the plans were held in trust, (custodial account or annuity contract) as described in IRC Section 457 (g) for the exclusive benefit of the participants (employees) and their beneficiaries. The custodian thereof of the exclusive benefit of the participants holds the custodial account for the beneficiaries of this Section 457 plan, and the assets may not be diverted to any other use. The Administrators are agents of the employer for purposes of providing direction to the custodian of the custodial account from time to time for the investment of the funds held in the account, transfer of assets to or from the account and all other matters. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement 32, plan balances and activities are not reflected in Erie Township's financial statements.

Note 16 -- Monroe County Joint Powers Water Contracts (South County Water System)

Erie Township, in conjunction with three other communities, has entered into a contract with the Monroe County Drain Commission to provide a water supply and water mains for each of the communities. This is considered a joint venture without an equity interest. The original contract plus additional bonds issued calls for payments to total \$7,200,000 plus interest, the full amount to be paid by July 1, 2007. Total principal and interest requirements remaining at June 30, 2004, on this contract are as follows:

Joint Powers 1995 Improvement	Joint Powers	1995	Improvement	S
-------------------------------	--------------	------	-------------	---

<u>Principal</u>	_	Interest	Total
\$ 560,000	\$	67,624	\$ 627,624

Note 16 -- Monroe County Joint Powers Water Contracts (South County Water System) (Continued)

Each community's liability is computed annually using assessed property valuation as a basis. Therefore, Erie Township's liability under this contract is presently undeterminable but, at this time, is estimated to be approximately 12.32% of the contract amount. The South County Water System currently makes all payments of principal and interest on these contracts, but the units of government will still be liable for principal should South County Water System not be able to meet the obligation.

The Township's estimated share of assets, liabilities, and fund equity is 12.32%. Summary financial information as of, and for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 is as follows:

	South County <u>Water System</u>
Cash and Investments Other Assets Total Assets	\$ 5,749,287 18,257,348 24,006,635
Total Liabilities	808,881
Total Net Assets	\$ 23,197,754
Total Revenue Total Expenses Net Change in Net Assets	\$ 3,756,864 3,243,087 \$ 513,777
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt Long-Term Debt, Less Current Portion Total Debt	\$ 138,550 417,000 \$ 555,550

Complete financial statements for this joint entity are in the 2003 Financial Statements of the Monroe County Drain Commission County Agency.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

							riance wit al Budget
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Positive	
		Driginal		Final	 Amounts		Vegative)
Beginning Fund Balance	\$	100,000	\$	125,387	\$ 278,185	<u> </u>	152,79
Resources (Inflows)						•	.02,70
Taxes		93,050		00.050			
Licenses and Permits		98,000		93,050	93,674		62
Federal Grants		90,000		98,000	103,693		5,69
State Grants		350,000		30,600	55,555		24,95
Charges for Services		46,500		350,000	348,271		(1,72)
Fines & Forfeits		3,000		46,500	38,023		(8,47)
Interest		2,500		3,000	924		(2,076
Other				2,500	3,771		1,27
Transfers from Other Funds		24,050		24,050	28,215		4,165
Total Revenue	-	100,000		100,000	 100,000		
	***********	817,100		873,087	 1,050,311		177,224
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)							
General Government:							
Township Board		16 262					
Supervisor		16,360		18,360	16,437		1,923
Elections		40,838		41,722	41,525		197
Audit		7,280		3,180	1,591		1,589
Assessing		10,500		11,100	10,800		300
Legal		31,364		73,094	61,524		11,570
Clerk		15,000		7,000	5,854		1,146
Board of Review		39,434		40,866	39,516		1,350
Treasurer		1,510		915	797		118
Building and Grounds		46,236		47,664	46,538		1,126
Cemeteries		95,959		110,298	109,749		549
		9,010		9,010	5,715		3,295
Planning Commission		7,950		7,950	6,900		
Board of Zoning Appeals		2,990		1,690	574		1,050
Other - Unclassified	2	52,484		149,626	127,204		1,116
Total General Government	5	76,915	***************************************	522,475	 474,724		22,422 47,751
Public Safety:					 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		47,751
Fire Department - Morin Pointe		53,795		87,206	86,944		200
Fire Department - Erie	_	54,520		84,047	71,596		262
Total Public Safety	1	08,315		171,253	 158,540		12,451
lighways and Streets	TT			,200	 130,540		12,713
Maintenance	i	85,760		84,760	67.470		
Culture and Recreation	 -			04,700	 67,179		17,581
Recreation Commission	:	34,410		42,899	44.000		
Library	·	1,700		1,700	44,037		(1,138)
Total Culture and Recreation		36,110		44,599	 529		1,171
ransfers to Other Funds					 44,566		33
		10,000		50,000	 50,000		
tal Charges to Appropriations	81	7,100	8	73,087	795,009		78,078

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
		Original Final			Amounts	(Negative)		
Beginning Fund Balance	\$	10,000	\$	18,923	\$	(25,966)	\$	(44,889)
Resources (Inflows)								
Taxes		105,000		105,000		105,949		949
Licenses and Fees		12,500		12,500		5,244		(7,256)
Fines and Forfeits		110,000		110,000		139,826		29,826
Interest		500		500		653		153
Other		1,000		1,000		11,222		10,222
Transfers from Other Funds		100,000		166,000		166,000		•
Amounts Available for Appropriation		339,000		413,923		402,928		(10,995)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) Public Safety:								
Wages						225,154		
Benefits						77,714		
Supplies						20,394		
Training						2,975		
Legal						19,840		
Other						16,984		
Capital						2,754		
Total Charges to Appropriations		339,000		413,923		365,815		48,108
Budgetary Fund Balance June 30, 2004	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37,113	<u>\$</u>	37,113

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC AND PRIVATE IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Rudgete	d Amounts	A-44	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	ActualAmounts	Positive (Negative)
Beginning Fund Balance	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,256,612	\$ 1,254,283	\$ (2,329)
Resources (Inflows)				
Licenses and Permits	300,000	300,000	488,442	400 440
Interest	25,000	25,000	38,732	188,442
Other	10,387	10,387	19,549	13,732
Amounts Available for Appropriation	1,435,387	1,591,999	1,801,006	9,162 209,007
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) General Government:			-	
Community Development	30,000	24,305	20,177	4,128
Other - Unclassified	3,750	3,675	603	3,072
Capital	23,000	55,579	46,479	•
Total General Government	56,750	83,559	67,259	9,100
Public Safety:				
Police	30,000	30,000	17,696	12,304
Highways and Streets				
Maintenance	933,437	1,037,240	4,098	1,033,142
Debt Service				
Principal	200,000	200,000	200,000	
Interest and Fees	15,200	15,200	15,200	•
	215,200	215,200	215,200	•
Transfers to Other Funds	200,000	226,000	226,000	•
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,435,387	1,591,999	530,253	1,061,746
Budgetary Fund Balance - June 30, 2004	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,270,753	\$ 1,270,753

ERIE TOWNSHIP COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

		Special I	Total			
Assets	Building Inspection		Fire Equipment		Gov	onmajor rernmental Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Due From Other Funds	\$	5,927 - 1,751	\$	47,596 3,493	\$	53,523 3,493 1,751
Total Assets	\$	7,678	\$	51,089	\$	58,767
Liabilities and Fund Balance						
Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$	500	\$	-	\$	500
Total Liabilities		500		-		500
Fund Balance: Unreserved	*****	7,178		51,089		58,267
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	7,678	\$	51,089	<u>\$</u>	58,767

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Special	Total		
Davis	Building Inspection	Fire Equipment	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues: Taxes & Penalties Licenses & Permits Interest Other	\$ - 42,955 - 52	\$ 132,456 - 714 -	\$ 132,456 42,955 714 52	
Total Revenue	43,007	133,170	176,177	
Expenditures: Current Public Safety Debt Service: Principal Interest and Fiscal Charges	55,019	79,545 36,723	55,019 79,545 36,723	
Total Expenditures	55,019_	116,268	171,287	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(12,012)	16,902	4,890	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,000	<u>-</u>	10,000	
Excess of Revenue & Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures & Other Uses	(2,012)	16,902	14,890	
Fund Balance - Beginning	9,190	34,187	43,377	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 7,178	\$ 51,089	\$ 58,267	



McGuire & Cavan Certified Public Accountants

L. Donavon McGuire, CPA 734-652-4040 Maureen A. Cavan, CPA 248-390-5320

6588 Secor Road Lambertville, MI 48144 Tel 734-854-5044 Fax 734-854-2540

August 30, 2004

Erie Township Board Erie, MI

Dear Board Members,

RECEIVED
DEPT. OF TREASURY

AUG 3 1 2004

LOCAL AUDIT & FINANCE DIV.

Our audit of the financial statements of Erie Township for the year ended June 30, 2004, was made in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards which require that we determine that existing internal controls, accounting procedures and accounting records are adequate to allow us to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Township. The scope of our audit is not intended to be a detailed review of all systems and procedures; therefore, this report should not be considered at inclusive.

We have the following comments:

<u>Excess Expenditures</u> – The Township had one expenditure in excess of adjusted budget amount. All expenditures should be within the amount appropriated.

<u>Escrow Accounts</u> - Some escrow accounts have debt balances, sufficient deposits should be received prior to expending monies for these projects. Other accounts have old credit balances, these should be investigated and cleared.

We would like to take this opportunity to thank both the Board Officials and the employees who provided assistance to us during our audit. If you have any questions regarding any of the suggestions noted above or would like assistance in their implementation, please contact us.

Sincerely,

L. Donavon McGuire, CPA

McGuire & Cavan

Certified Public Accountants